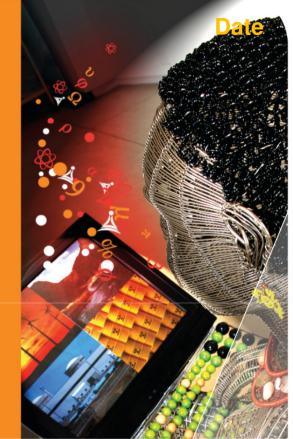
Plasma Fundamentals and Applications



By: Dr. I.J. Van der Walt Senior Scientist Necsa

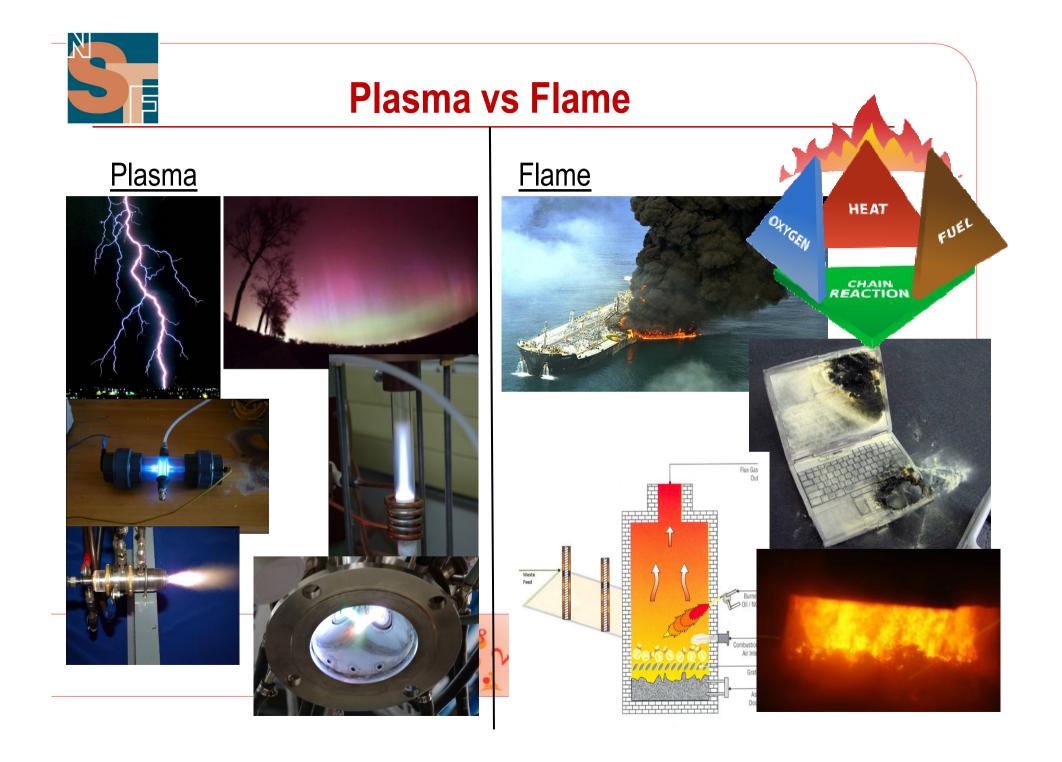






A Natural Occurring Plasma







Plasma vs Flame

<u>Plasma</u>

- 1 500 20 000 °C
- No O₂ necessary
- Ionisation process
- Electricity is constant energy source
- Small concentrated heat

<u>Flame</u>

- 450 2 000 °C
- O₂ necessary
- Oxidation process
- Initiation energy needed before exothermic reaction

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Big flames









Plasma vs Flame

<u>Plasma</u>

<u>Flame</u>

Endothermic

Exothermic

• $N_2 + E \rightarrow 2N + \Delta$

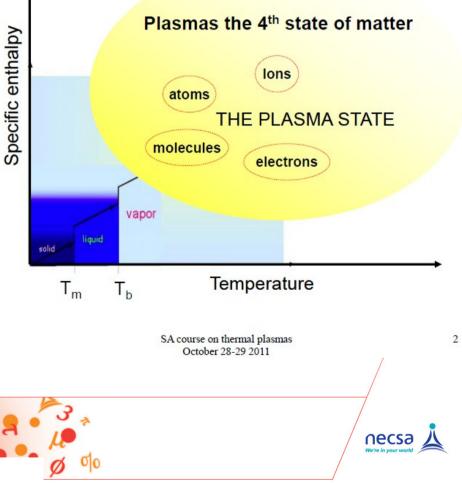
• $C_2H_6 + 2.5O_2 + \Delta \rightarrow CO_2$ + C + $3H_2O$





What is a Plasma

- Fourth state of matter
- Mixture of electrons, ions and neutral particles;
- Exited state species to ground state responsible for luminosity
- Negative and positive species
 balance each other
- Photons emitted by electrons "bremstrahlung"



M.I. Boulos, P. Fauchais, E. Pfender, Thermal Plasmas: Fundamentals and Applications, Vol 1, Plenum Press, 1994.



What is a Plasma

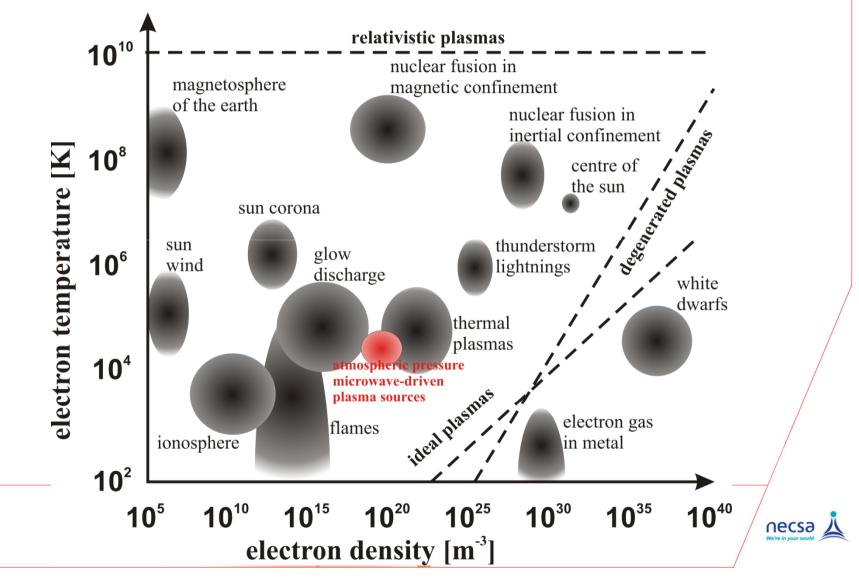
- Plasmas are:
 - Electrically conductive;
 - Not a flame!!!;
 - Classified according to \bar{e} T and \bar{e} $\rho;$
 - Classified according to the difference between $\bar{e}\ T$ and ion T







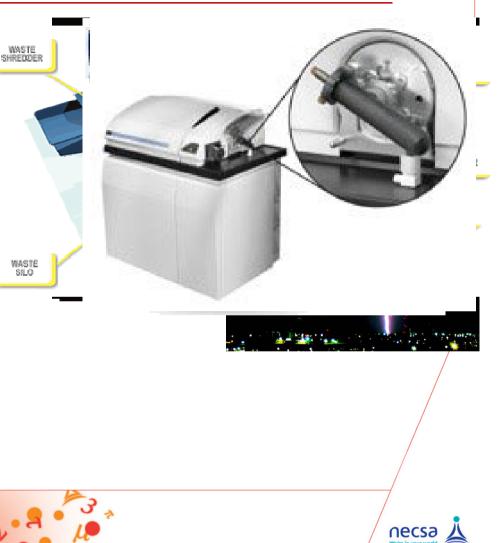
Plasmas Classification

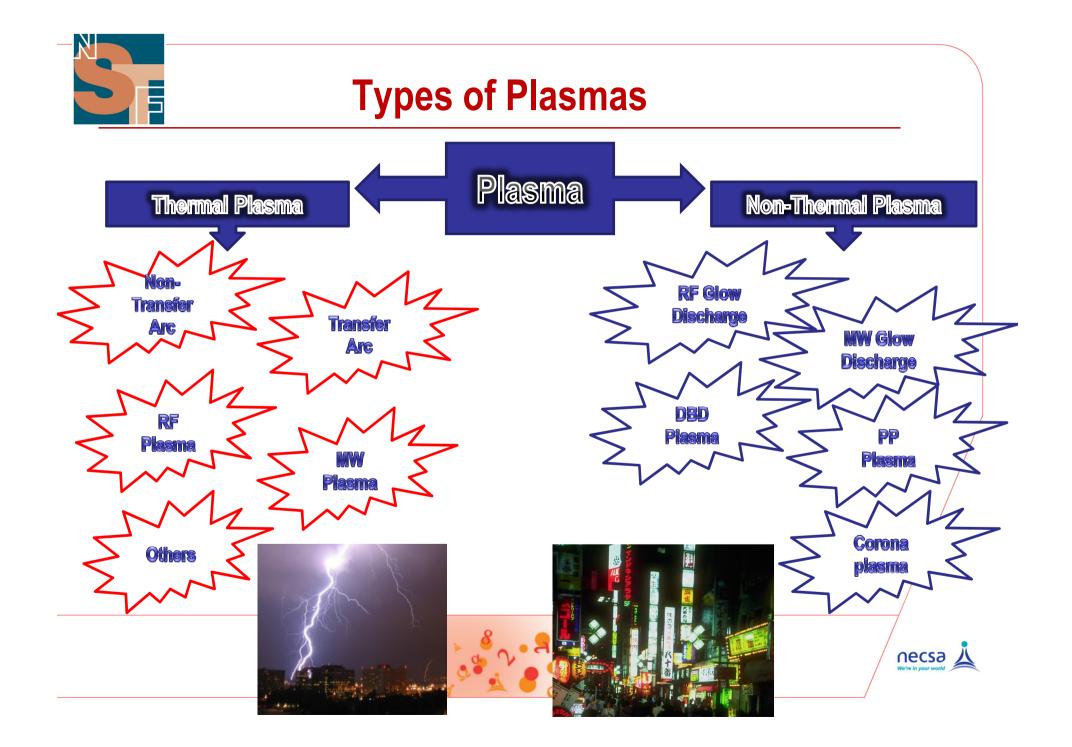




Different Examples of plasmas

- Lightning
- Auroras
- Fluorescent lamps
- Arc welding
- Melting furnaces
- Household waste destruction
- Plasma TV by means of DBD
- Photo copy machine lights
- Proxima lights
- Analytical instruments



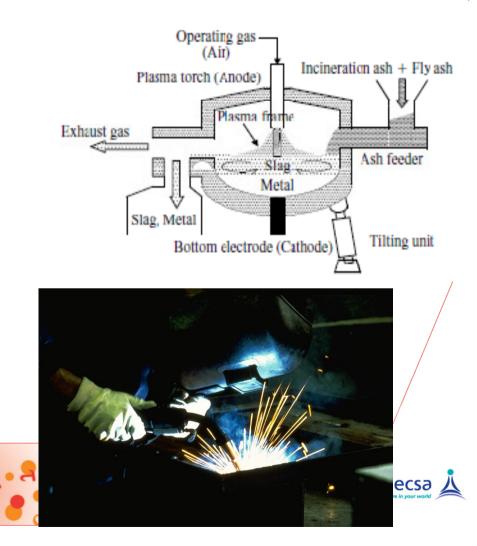


Thermal Plasmas: Transfer Arc Plasma

Useable electrodes

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- Effective energy transfer
- Some contamination from electrodes
- Conventional metal melting method



Thermal Plasmas: Non-transfer Arc Plasma

- Non-useable water cooled electrodes
- Energy transfer in the tail flame

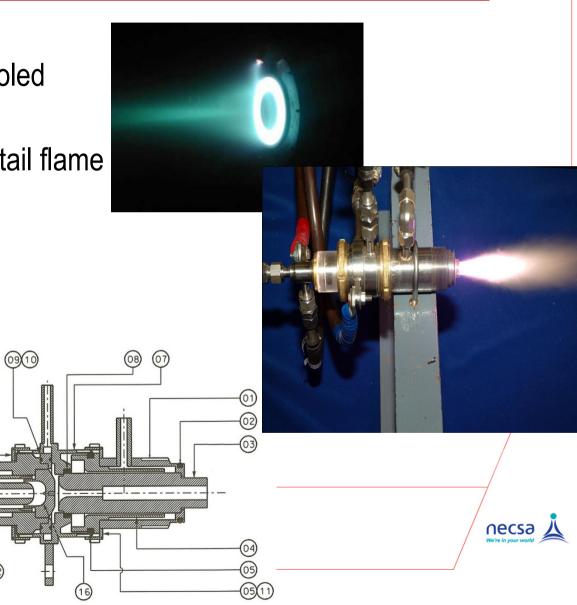
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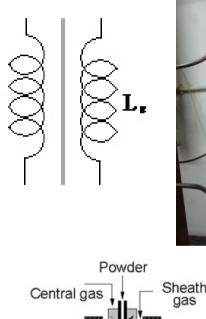
- Used in:
 - Plasma spraying
 - Mineral beneficiation
 - Waste destruction

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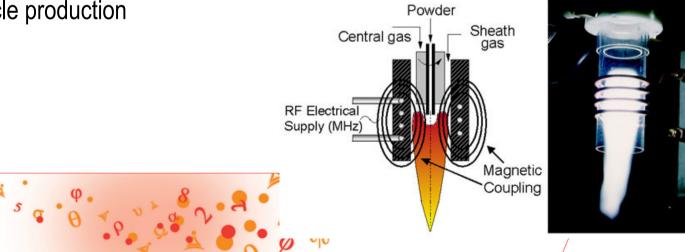


Thermal Plasmas: Radio Frequency Plasma

- No electrodes
- Plasma by induction at 13.56 MHz
- Used in:
 - Plasma spraying
 - Analytical instrumentation
 - Waste destruction
 - Nano particle production







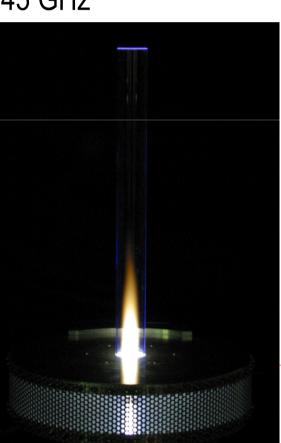
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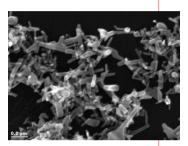
Thermal Plasmas: Micro Wave Plasma

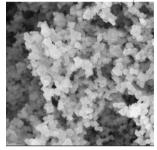
- No electrodes, no coils
- Plasma by MW generation at 2.45 GHz
- Used in:
 - Off gas treatment
 - Nano particle production
 - Surface etching
 - Chemical vapour deposition

Courtesy of Marieta Leins Stuttgart University

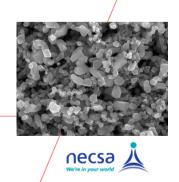


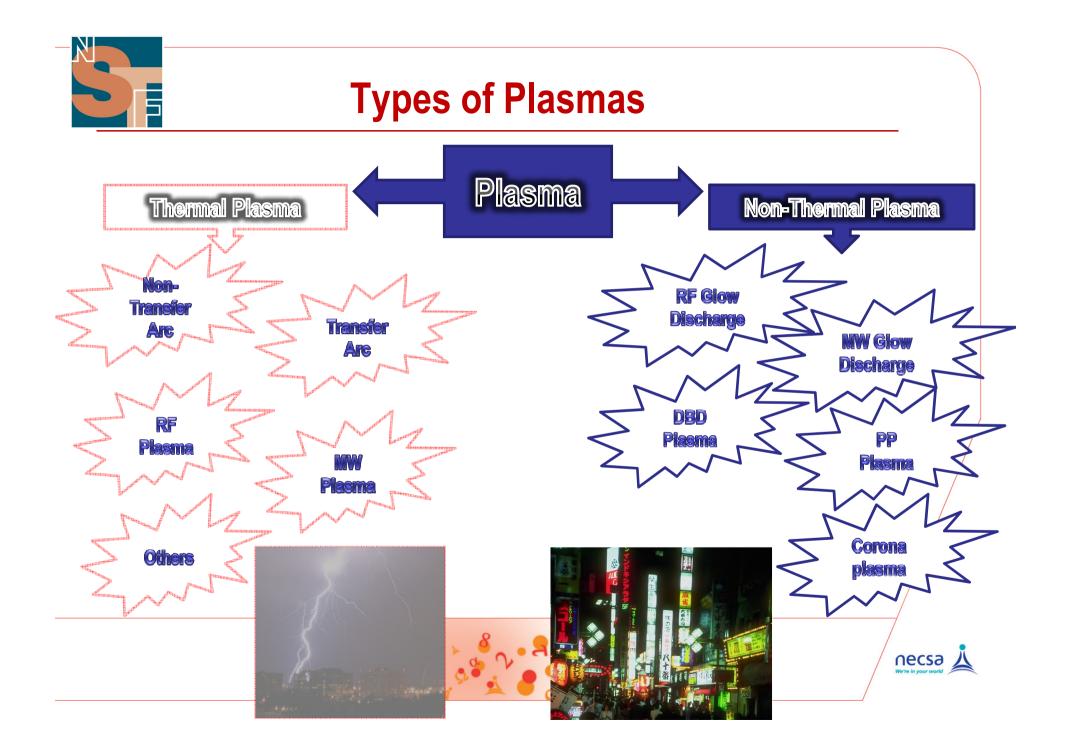






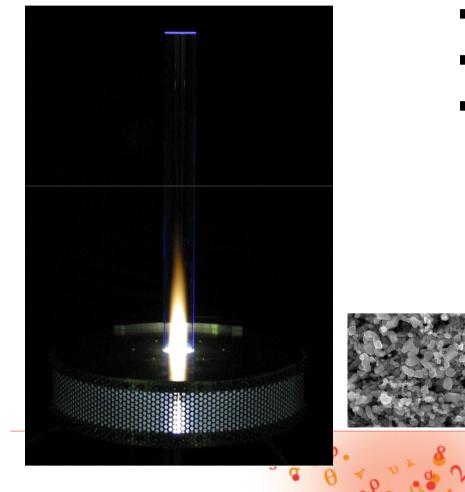
SiO2 Run 7a







Non-Thermal Plasmas: Micro Wave



- No electrodes, no coils, low pressure
- Plasma by MW generation at 2.45 GHz

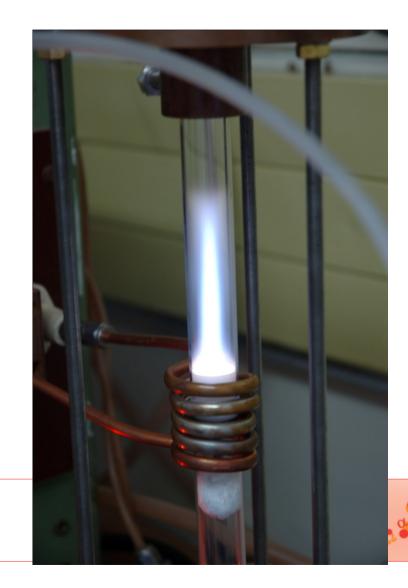
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- Used in:
 - Nano particle production
 - Artificial diamond growth

QiO2 Dun 7

- Chemical vapour deposition

Non-Thermal Plasmas: RF Glow Discharge



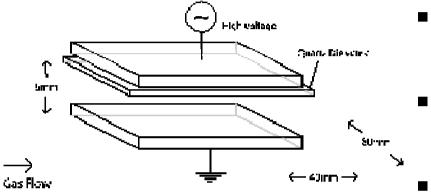
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- No electrodes, low pressure
- Plasma by RF Induction at 13.56 MHz

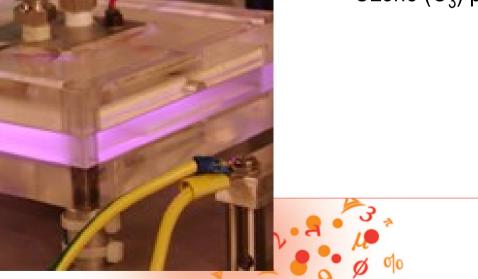
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- Used in:
 - Surface modification
 - Surface etching
 - Chemical vapour deposition
 - Lighting

Non-Thermal Plasmas: Dielectric Barrier Discharge



- 2 electrodes separated by a dielectric layer at ambient pressure
- Plasma by dielectric barrier discharge at 1 - 100 MHz
 - Used in:
 - Ozone (O_3) production

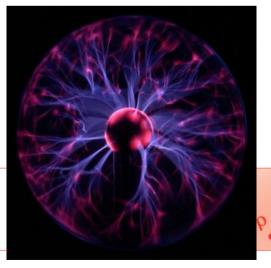




Non-Thermal Plasmas: Pulsed Power Plasma



- 2 electrodes at ambient pressure
- Nano second thermal plasma 10 100 kHz
- Used in:
 - Off gas treatment





Non-Thermal Plasmas: Corona Discharge



- 2 electrodes at ambient pressure
- Nano second thermal plasma 10 100 kHz

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- Used in:
 - Off gas treatment
 - Ozone production
 - Surface activation

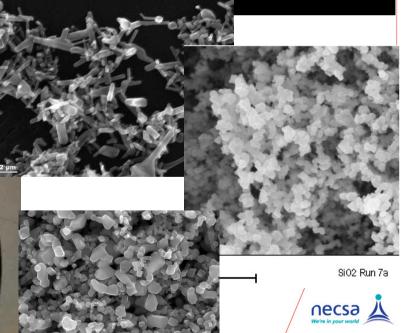


Plasma Chemistry

- Chemistry with inert chemicals like C, ZrO₂, SiO₂, TiO₂, Al₂O₃, ZnO, etc.
- Chemistry with inert chemicals like CF4, N2, Ar, etc.
- Manufacturing of nano particles.



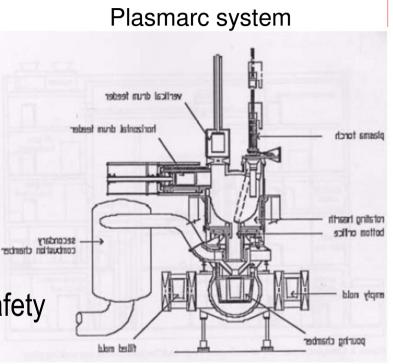


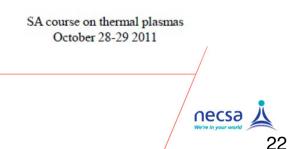




Plasma Nuclear Application

- Low level nuclear waste treatment
- Volume reduction (>90 %)
- Uranium recovery
- Vitrification
- Treat the whole drum
- No sorting
- Increased chemical and radiological safety
- Technology is mature
- Technology is applied on nuclear sites
- Small footprint

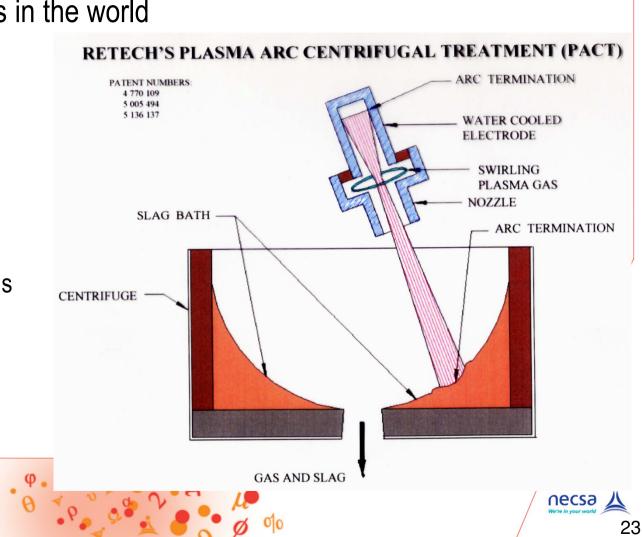


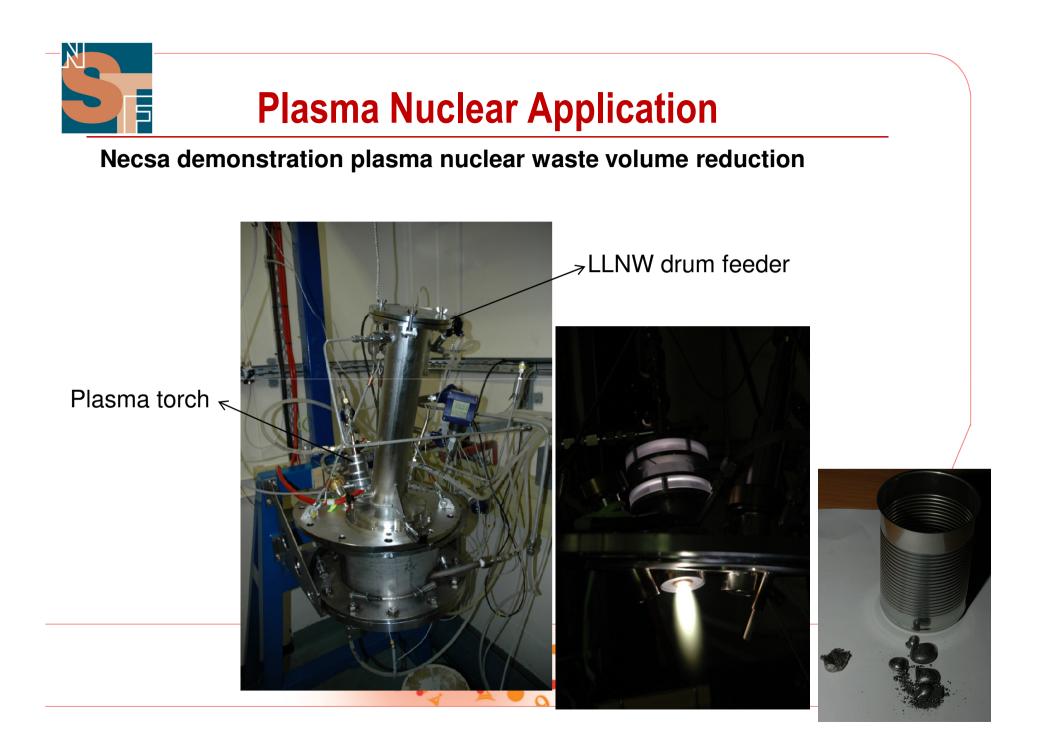




Plasma Nuclear Application

- Different suppliers in the world
 - Retech scientific
 - Europlasma
 - Tetronics
 - Scanarc
 - Nukem
 - Westinghouse
 - Phoenix Solutions







Benefit

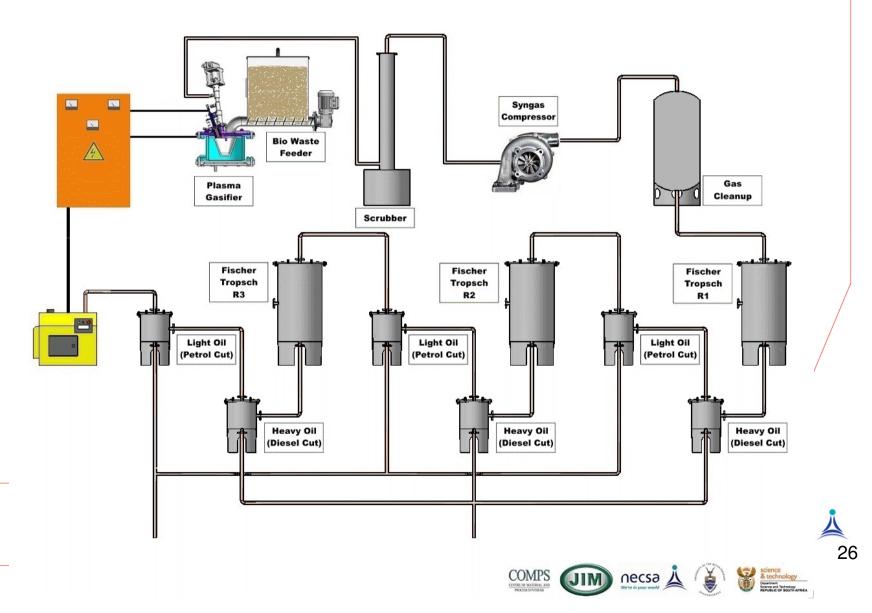
Benefit to the greater South Africa

- Solution to serious municipal waste problems;
- Solution to medical waste problems;
- Solution to various other waste problems;
- Takes pressure off fuel supply to remote areas;
- Takes pressure off electricity supply to remote areas;
- Promotes the decrease of the carbon footprint;
- Opportunity for renewable energy supply;
- Job creation;
- Trade waste for electricity.





BeauTi-fueL[™]





BeauTi-fueL[™]

http://www.rchelicam.co.za/preview/CCR Expo/Climate Smart CTN Outside.html





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Waste-to-Energy Application sectors

Product capabilities

	Electricity only	Electricity and fuel	Unit size (tpd)
Municipal land fill sites		Х	100 – 200
De-localised municipal waste sites	Х		1 – 10
Farming plant waste		Х	1 – 3
Farming animal manure waste		Х	1 – 3
Renewable feedstock		Х	100 – 200
Tyre waste		Х	10 – 50
Medical waste	Х		1
Toxic waste	Х		1
Nuclear waste	Х		10

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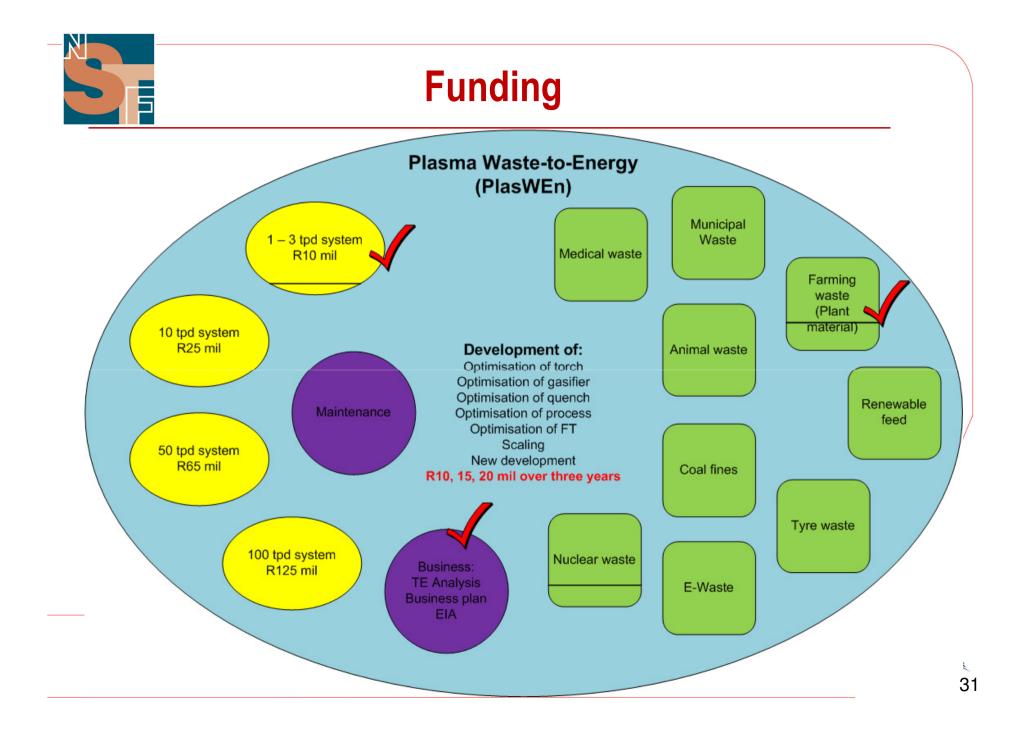




Technical data

Up-scaling modular systems (50 % accuracy)

I U	J		J /	
Plant	1	10	50	100
Feed quantity	~2 - 3 tpd	~10 - 15 tpd	~50 - 70 tpd	~100 – 150 tpd
Plasma size	30 kW	150 kW	500 kW	1000 kW
Availability	2012	2013	2015	2017
Estimated Development Cost	R10 mil	R25 mil	R60 mil	R125 mil
Electricity only	150 kW	750 kW	3.75 MW	7.5 MW
Diesel and Electricity	2 bbl 50 kW	10 bbl 250 kW	50 bbl 1.25 MW	100 bbl 2.5 MW
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Thank You!!!

