against Zandian. Plaintiff then filed and served a Notice of atry of Default on Zandian on December 7, 2010 and on his last known attorney on December 16, 2010.

1.大家公司大夫的管理等6.进行企业各大学

On February 25, 2011, Plaintiff filed in this Court and served a certificate of service indicating that the application for entry of default against Zandian was sent to attorney John Peter Lee. On February 28, 2011, Plaintiff filed an application for default judgment against Defendants Zandian, Optima Technology Corporation, a California Corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada Corporation.

On March 1, 2011, a default judgment was entered against Zandian and the other defendants for \$121,594.46. On March 7, 2011, notice of entry of that default was filed and served by mail on Zandian and his counsel.

On June 9, 2011, Zandian filed the motion to dismiss.

III. ARGUMENT

A. SERVICE OF THE SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT WAS EFFECTUATED UPON ZANDIAN

NRCP 4 states that service of the summons and complaint shall be made upon the "defendant personally, or by leaving copies thereof at the defendant's dwelling house or usual place of abode with some person of suitable age and discretion then residing therein, or by delivering a copy of the summons and complaint to an agent authorized by appointment or by law to receive service of process." NRCP 4(d)(6).

In this case, the complaint was filed on December 11, 2009. As Plaintiff was having difficulty serving Zandian, the summons and complaint were mailed to Zandian's attorney, John Peter Lee, on January 8, 2010, and a request for assistance in serving Zandian was made. See Letter, dated 1/8/10, from Cassandra Joseph to John Peter Lee, attached hereto as Exhibit 3.³ Moreover, Zandian was personally served with the summons and complaint on February 2, 2010. See Affidavit of Service, dated 2/18/10, attached hereto as Exhibit 2.

³ John Peter Lee never responded to Cassandra Joseph's request for assistance in serving Zandian and the Defendant entities. At least, Mr. Lee never responded until well after the default was entered by filing the instant motion, even though he represented Zandian prior to this action.

Therefore, Zandian was served with the summons and complaint and was given proper notice of this lawsuit. In fact, Plaintiff took the additional step of mailing the summons and complaint to Zandian and his lawyer. Unfortunately, for reasons known only to Zandian and his lawyer, Zandian decided not to answer the complaint or otherwise respond to the complaint in a timely manner.

Я

B. THIS COURT HAS JURISDICTION OVER ZANDIAN IN THIS ACTION

Nevada's long arm statute states as follows: "A court of this state may exercise jurisdiction over a party to a civil action on any basis not inconsistent with the Constitution of this state or the Constitution of the United States." NRS 14.065(1). In addition, "[p]ersonal service of summons upon a party outside this state is sufficient to confer upon a court of this state jurisdiction over the party so served if the service is made by delivering a copy of the summons, together with a copy of the complaint, to the party served in the manner provided by statute or rule of court for service upon a person of like kind within this state." NRS 14.065(2).

In addition, in Nevada, "[t]here are two types of personal jurisdiction: general and specific." Baker v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court ex rel. County of Clark, 116 Nev. 527, 532, 999 P.2d 1020, 1023 (2000). "General jurisdiction is required in matters where a defendant is held to answer in a forum for causes of action unrelated to his forum activities." Baker v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court ex rel. County of Clark, 116 Nev. 527, 532, 999 P.2d 1020, 1023 (2000). "General jurisdiction over a nonresident will lie where the nonresident's activities in the forum are 'substantial' or 'continuous and systematic." Id. Said another way, "General jurisdiction over the defendant 'is appropriate where the defendant's forum activities are so "substantial" or "continuous and systematic" that [he] may be deemed present in the forum." Freeman v. Second Judicial Dist. Court ex rel. County of Washoe, 116 Nev. 550, 553, 1 P.3d 963, 965 (2000).

In addition, the following citation acknowledges that there must be minimum contacts for the Court to exercise jurisdiction over a nonresident and states that owning property or doing business within the state is enough to confer jurisdiction:

8 9

10 11

12 13

15

14

16 17

18 19

20

22

21

23

24

25

26

27

28

We ack vledged in Metal-Matic, Inc. v. 8th Judi District Court, 82 Nev. 263, 415 P.2d 617 (1966), citing therein International Shoe Co. v. State of Washington, 326 U.S. 310, 66 S.Ct. 154, 90 L.Ed. 95 (1945); McGee v. International Life, 355 U.S. 220, 78 S.Ct. 199, 2 L.Ed.2d 223 (1957); and Hanson v. Denckla, 357 U.S. 235, 78 S.Ct. 1228, 2 L.Ed.2d 1283 (1958), that since Pennoyer v, Neff, 5 Otto 714, 95 U.S. 714, 24 L.Ed. 565 (1877), a jurisdictional evolution has been taking place to such extent that the old jurisdictional landmarks have been left far behind so that in many instances states may now properly exercise jurisdiction over nonresidents not amenable to service within their borders. The point has not been reached, however, where state boundaries are not without significance. There must still be some 'affiliating' circumstances without which the courts of the state may not entertain jurisdiction. Hanson v. Denckla, supra. Each case depends upon its own circumstances, but while we adhere to the generalities of 'minimal contact,' that contact must be of significance. In this case it must amount to owning property or doing business within this state.

McCulloch Corp. v. O'Donnell, 83 Nev. 396, 398, 433 P.2d 839, 840 (1967).

In this case, Zandian owns property and does business within the forum state. As a result, Zandian's forum activities are so "substantial" or "continuous and systematic" that he may be deemed present in the forum and therefore general jurisdiction is appropriate.

In fact, Zandian currently owns real property throughout Nevada. He owns two properties in Clark County. 4 He owns 10 properties in Washoe County. 5 He owns and/or is partial owner of 6 properties in Lyon County. He is part owner of two properties in Churchill County. He is part owner of one property in Elko County. 8

With regards to doing business within Nevada, Zandian is a manager of 11000 Reno Highway, Fallon, LLC, a Nevada LLC that is in active status.9 Currently, 11000 Reno Highway, Fallon, LLC is listed as the owner of 640 acres of real property in Churchill County.10

See Zandian's Clark County property information, attached hereto as Exhibit 4.

See Zandian's Washoe County property information, attached hereto as Exhibit 5.

See Zandian's Lyon County property information, attached hereto as Exhibit 6.

See Zandian's Churchill County property information, attached hereto as Exhibit 7.

See Zandian's Elko County property information, attached hereto as Exhibit 8.

See Zandian's manager information for 11000 Reno Highway, Fallon, L.L.C., attached hereto as Exhibit 9.

¹⁰ See 11000 Reno Highway, Fallon, LLC's Churchill County property information, attached hereto as Exhibit 10.

Zandian is a managing member and registered age. of Misfits Development LLC, a Nevada LLC in active status. ¹¹ Zandian is a managing member and registered agent of Elko North 5th Avenue, LLC, a Nevada LLC in active status. ¹² Zandian is a managing member and registered agent for Stagecoach Valley LLC, an active Nevada LLC. ¹³

Zandian acted as the resident agent for a revoked Nevada limited liability company named Rock and Royalty LLC where Zandian's resident agent address was 1401 S. Las Vegas Boulevard, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104. Zandian was a managing member of Gold Canyon Development LLC, a Nevada LLC that is now in default status. Zandian was a managing member of High Tech Development LLC, a Nevada LLC that has been dissolved. Zandian was a managing member of Lyon Park Development LLC, a Nevada LLC that has been dissolved. Zandian was a managing member of Churchill Park Development LLC, a Nevada LLC that has been dissolved. Zandian was a manager of Sparks Village LLC, a Nevada LLC that is in default status. Zandian was president, secretary, treasurer, director and resident agent of Optima Technology Corporation, a now revoked Nevada close corporation. Zandian was a manager of Dayton Plaza, LLC, a Nevada LLC in default status. Finally, Zandian was a manager of Reno Highway Plaza, LLC, a Nevada LLC in revoked status.

¹¹ See Zandian's managing member and resident agent information for Misfits Development LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 11.

¹² See Zandian's managing member and resident agent information for Elko North 5th Avenue, LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 12.

¹³ See Zandian's managing member and resident agent information for Stagecoach Valley LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 13.

¹⁴ See Zandian's resident agent information for Rock and Royalty LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 14.

See Zandian's managing member information for Gold Canyon Development LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 15.

¹⁶ See Zandian's managing member information for High Tech Development LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 16.

¹⁷ See Zandian's managing member information for Lyon Park Development LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 17.

¹⁸ See Zandian's managing member information for Churchill Park Development LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 18.

^{26 1} See Zandian's manager information for Sparks Village LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 19.

²⁰ See Zandian's information for Optima Technology Corporation, attached hereto as Exhibit 20.

²¹ See Zandian's information for I-50 Plaza LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 21.

²² See Zandian's information for Dayton Plaza, LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 22.

²³ See Zandian's information for Reno Highway Plaza, LLC, attached hereto as Exhibit 23.

Also, Zandian listed Carson City and Las Vegas accesses for his registered agent and officer information for Rock and Royalty LLC, Optima Technology Corporation, High Tech Development LLC, Lyon Park Development LLC, Churchill Park Development LLC, Sparks Village, LLC, I-50 Plaza LLC, Dayton Plaza, LLC, 11000 Reno Highway Fallon LLC, Misfits Development LLC, Elko North 5th Ave, LLC, and Stagecoach Valley LLC.²⁴

As demonstrated above, Zandian clearly owns or partially owns 21 properties within and throughout the state of Nevada and Zandian clearly does a significant amount of business within the state. His property ownership holdings and his business dealings, alone, show that Zandian's forum activities are so "substantial" or "continuous and systematic" that he may be deemed present in the forum and therefore general jurisdiction is appropriate.

C. NEVADA HAS ABROGATED THE DOCTRINE OF SPECIAL/GENERAL APPEARANCES

Zandian argues that he is making a special appearance "for the purpose of testing both the sufficiency of service and the jurisdiction of the court; thus, Zandian has not consented to personal jurisdiction of any Nevada court by bringing the instant motion." See Motion to Dismiss on a Special Appearance, dated 6/8/11, 2:12-15, on file herein.

However, the Nevada Supreme Court has abrogated the doctrine of special/general appearances. *Hansen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court ex rel. County of Clark*, 116 Nev. 650, 656, 6 P.3d 982, 985 (2000). "Now, before a defendant files a responsive pleading such as an answer, that defendant may move to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, and/or insufficiency of service of process, and such a defense is not 'waived by being joined with one or more other defenses.' Alternatively, a defendant may raise its defenses, including those relating to jurisdiction and service, in a responsive pleading." *Hansen*, 116 Nev. at 656, 6 P.3d at 986.

Zandian could have raised his alleged defenses of insufficiency of service of process and lack of jurisdiction in a motion to dismiss without waiving such defenses and his "special" appearance is a nullity. Therefore, Zandian's motion is merely a motion to dismiss. However,

²⁴ See Exhibits 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, attached hereto.